

SPRING TRITICALE

VARIETY NOT STATED

Spring Triticale is a manmade cross between wheat and rye, and is intermediate in most characteristics between the two, although it does also exhibit hybrid vigor and often yields more than either parent. Planted in spring for grain production, maturity will occur in late July or August. As a cool season grass, **spring triticale** can be used in the fall for faster growth and higher production than a winter cereal. When planted in the fall, growth will be similar to oats, with the potential for 24" to 36" plants and will not over-winter. Compared to rye, **spring triticale** is later to green up in spring but usually exceeds rye in total forage production. Triticale forage is better quality than rye, and beardless varieties are available to enable later cutting without having to deal with beard related palatability issues.

PLANTING TIPS

- ◆ Plant the seed around 1 to 1 1/2 inches deep, no more than 2 inches deep
- ◆ Prepare a firm, smooth seedbed for the best seed production
- ◆ Can be cut for hay or silage at any point from the late boot stage to soft dough stage
- ◆ Cutting earlier results in better quality forage
- ◆ Triticale can be grazed if harvest is limited

800-782-7311
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SPRING TRITICALE CHARACTERISTICS

Botanical Name	Triticale hexaploide
Typical Seeds / lb	15,000
Life Cycle	Annual
Environment	Full Sun - Partial Sun
Planting Season	Early Spring
Leaf Color	Green
Seeding Rate	60-90 lbs / acre



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